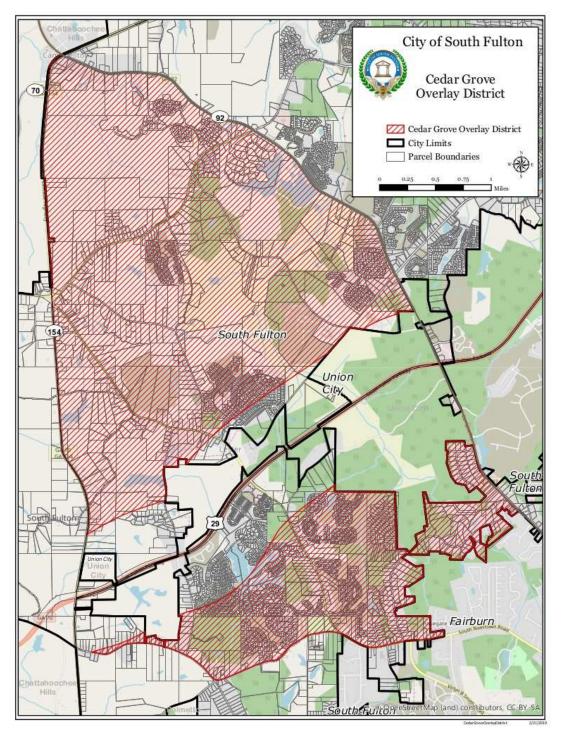
Sec. 507. Cedar Grove Overlay District.

# 507.01 Boundary Map.



# 507.02 Purpose and Intent.

- (a) The City Council of South Fulton, Georgia hereby declares it to be the purpose and intent of this the Cedar Grove Overlay District (District) Resolution to establish a uniform procedure for providing for the protection, enhancement, preservation, unity of design, and use of places, sites, buildings, structures, streets, neighborhoods, and landscape features in the Cedar Grove Overlay District in accordance with the provisions herein.
- (b) This Resolution is adopted The Cedar Grove Overlay District Sec. 507 as is adopted as part of a strategy designed to promote the health, safety, order, prosperity, and general welfare of the citizens of South Fulton through the regulation of design, aesthetics, location, bulk, size of buildings and structures, and the density and distribution of population.
- (c) This Resolution District also seeks to reduce congestion on the streets; to provide safety from fire, flood and other dangers; provide adequate light and open space; protect the natural environment and address other public requirements, in order to provide sustainable development that involves the simultaneous pursuit of economic prosperity, environmental protection and social quality.
- (d) This Resolution <u>District</u> also seeks, among other things, to promote accepted design principles in areas of new development and redevelopment, to raise the level of community understanding and expectation for quality in the built environment, to protect and enhance local aesthetic and functional qualities, and to stimulate business and promote economic development.
- (e) In consideration of the rural character of the Cedar Grove Overlay District, these regulations in this Sec. 507 are intended to define and monitor the suitability for certain uses, construction and design, prevent functional and visual disunity, promote desirable conditions for community and commerce and protect property against blight and depreciation.

## 507.03 Applicability.

- (a) The Cedar Grove Overlay District and the regulations of this Section 507 applies applyto all properties zoned or developed for nonresidential and residential uses (except single-family detached dwelling units indicated in Sec. 507.03(b) below), within the area illustrated on the attached map (excluding the South Fulton Parkway Overlay District) under Sec. 507.01 above.
- (b) <u>Single-family detached dwellings are exempt from the Cedar Grove Overlay District</u> requirements, with the exception that the exterior finish prohibitions in Sec. 507.12(b) shall apply.
- (c) The District also recognizes the Cedar Grove Crossroads as designated on the 2015 South Fulton Land Use Map in the South Fulton Comprehensive Plan.

# 507.04 Architectural Review Process.

- (a) Prior to issuance of a land disturbance permit (LDP) or a building permit, the applicant shall submit details of exterior materials, colors, landscape strips, buffers, signage, lighting, parking, streets and paths, entrances design and architectural features of the proposed site and building which demonstrate compliance with the design standards set forth herein.
- (b) All building plans submitted as an application for a building permit shall clearly indicate all of the proposed building materials and colors for each facade in accordance with

- Sec. 507.12 and Sec. 507.13<del>as described herein</del>. The plans should clearly show the location and calculate the amount/percentage of all building materials per facade.
- (c) Prior to the issuance of an LDP or building permit, the community will be allowed 10 working days to review the application. An application which otherwise conforms to applicable codes and regulations shall not be delayed issuance of an LDP or building permit for more than 10 working days due to this review and comment process.
- (d) South Fulton staff will review all applications for land disturbance permits, building permits and sign permits for compliance with the standards of this Overlay District and upon determination of compliance will provide a Certificate of Endorsement (COE) in the form of signing the formally submitted plans and drawings.

## 507.05 Buffers and Landscaping Requirements.

- (a) All AG-1 and residentially zoned developments shall provide a minimum 50-foot wide natural, undisturbed buffer with a 10-foot improvement setback along all public streets.
- (b) All non-residentially (except AG-1) zoned developments shall provide a minimum 50-foot wide landscape strip along all public streets.
- (c) A minimum 15-foot wide landscape strip shall be provided along any interior property line adjacent to a nonresidential zoning and/or use.
- (d) Large, overstory trees shall be planted 40 to 60 feet on center and shall be located along both sides of all public streets (except residential streets).
- (e) Small, understory trees shall be planted 10 to 30 feet on center and shall be located along both sides of residential streets.
- (f) Street trees shall be a minimum 32-inch caliper diameter at breast height (DBH).
- (g) Street trees shall be selected from Appendix E of the South Fulton Tree Preservation Ordinance and Administrative Guidelines or as may be approved by the South Fulton Arborist.

# 507.06 Accessory Site Features; Placement and Screening.

- (a) Accessory site features are prohibited in the front yard of any property.
- (b) Accessory site features located on the ground shall be screened from view from any public right-of-way, any residential use, or any residential or AG-1 zoning eategory district by one of the following: placement behind the building, 100% opaque fencing, berm or vegetative screen planted to buffer standards.
- (c) Accessory site features on a roof shall be screened by a parapet or other architectural feature or as approved by the <u>CDRA Delirector</u>.
- (d) Refuse areas and receptacles.
  - (1) Refuse areas and receptacles shall be placed in the least visible location from public streets and shall be enclosed on three sides with opaque walls. The fourth side shall be a self-closing gate made from noncombustible materials. Opaque walls shall be a minimum of 12 inches higher than the receptacle. Wall materials shall be noncombustible brick, stone, or split-faced concrete masonry block.
  - (2) Refuse receptacles shall not be placed within 100 feet of an existing residential or AG-1 (Agricultural) zoning district.

# 507.07 <u>Fencing and Wall Requirements.</u>

- (a) Screening walls shall be screened with a hedge of evergreen shrubbery, a minimum of 2 feet in height at planting.
- (b) Fencing materials along public streets and side yards are restricted to brick, stone, iron, decorative wrought iron, and treated wood.
- (c) Chain link fencing may be used only along golf courses, play fields, and other recreational areas. All chain link fencing shall be black or hunter green vinyl coated.
- (d) When required, fencing material around detention/retention facilities shall be black or hunter green vinyl coated chain link fence.
- (e) Retaining walls shall be faced with or constructed of stone, brick, or decorative concrete modular block only.

### 507.08 Sidewalks/Pedestrian Paths.

- (a) Sidewalks are required along all public and private road frontages (except alleys) and shall meet all applicable Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) standards.
- (b) Sidewalks and other paths (multi-purpose or pedestrian) shall be illustrated on the site plan submitted at the time of application for a land disturbance permit.
- (c) Sidewalks shall be a minimum width of 5 feet.
- (d) Pedestrian paths may be constructed of either colored/textured materials or conventional sidewalk materials and shall be clearly identified.
- (e) Multi-use paths for bicycles and pedestrians may be substituted for the required sidewalks as approved by the CDRA Delirector and the traffic engineerPublic Works Director when the path is part of the South Fulton Bicycle and Pedestrian Planar approved transportation planar
- (f) Multi-use paths designed for use by bicyclists and pedestrians shall be 12 feet wide.
- (g) Multi-use paths designed with separate paths for bicyclists and pedestrians shall be 15 feet wide, ten-10 feet for bicycles and 5five feet for pedestrians.
- (h) Street furniture shall be located outside the specified width of any path.
- (i) Sidewalks and paths shall be connected to signalized crosswalks where applicable.
- (j) Sidewalks and paths shall be designed to minimize direct auto-pedestrian interaction.
- (k) Sidewalks and paths should be direct and convenient routes between points of origin (such as a bus stop) and destination (such as a shop, bank, etc).
- Pedestrian access should be provided to all entrances including access from rear parking areas.
- (m) Inter-parcel connectivity shall be required for multiuse, pedestrian paths and sidewalks.

#### 507.09 Lighting.

- (a) A lighting plan for open parking lots and pedestrian paths shall be submitted for approval prior to the issuance of a land disturbance permit.
- (b) Street lights shall be installed on all interior streets within community crossroads, as identified in the 2015 South Fulton Comprehensive Amendment for the Cedar Grove Community Policies and Strategies South Fulton Comprehensive Plan.
- (c) Open parking lots and walkways providing access thereto shall be lighted at a minimum of 2-foot candles measured at grade level.

- (d) The maximum to minimum foot candle level shall not exceed a 12:1 ratio.
- (e) Non-LED Schoebox fixtures, cobra lighting fixtures, and neon lighting are prohibited.
- (f) Any luminaire with a lamp or lamps rated at a total of more than 1,800 lumens, and all flood or spot luminaires with a lamp or lamps rated at a total of more than 900 lumens, shall not emit any direct light above a horizontal plane through the lowest direct-light-emitting part of the luminaire.
- (g) Any luminaire with a lamp or lamps rated at a total of more than 1,800 lumens, and all flood or spot luminaires with a lamp or lamps rated at a total of more than 900 lumens, shall be mounted at a height equal to or less than the value 3 + (D/3), where D is the distance in feet to the nearest property boundary. The maximum height of the luminaire may not exceed 20 feet.
- (h) Any luminaire with a lamp or lamps rated at a total of 1,800 lumens or less, and all flood or spot luminaires with a lamp or lamps rated at 900 lumens or less, may be used without restriction to light distribution or mounting height, except that if any spot of flood luminaire rated 900 lumens or less is aimed, directed, or focused such as to cause direct light from the luminaire to be directed toward residential buildings on adjacent or nearby land, or to create glare perceptible to persons operating motor vehicles on public ways, the luminaire shall be redirected or its light output controlled as necessary to eliminate such conditions.
- Luminaires used for public-roadway illumination may be installed at a maximum height of 25 feet and may be positioned at that height up to the edge of any bordering property.
- (j) All temporary emergency lighting needed by police, fire or other emergency services, as well as all emergency vehicular luminaires, shall be exempt from the requirements of this <u>Sectionarticle</u>.
- (k) All hazard warning luminaires required by federal regulatory agencies are exempt from the requirements of this <u>articleSection</u>, except that all luminaries used must be red and must be shown to be as close as possible to the federally required minimum lumen output requirement for the specific task.
- Luminaires used primarily for sign illumination may be mounted at any height to a maximum of 25 feet, regardless of lumen rating.
- (m) Lighting fixtures used to illuminate a <u>billboard</u> n <u>outdoor advertising sign</u> shall be mounted on the top of the sign structure. All such fixtures shall <u>use a type of shielding</u> to <u>direct lighting downwardeemply with the shielding requirements of Section 1.10.3(A)</u>. Bottom-mounted <u>outdoor advertising</u>-sign lighting is prohibited.
- (n) Existing outdoor advertising structures shall be brought into conformance with this code within 5 years from the date of adoption of this provision.
- (o) The use of laser source light or any similar high intensity light for outdoor advertising or entertainment used outdoors is prohibited.
- (p) The operation of searchlights for advertising purposes is prohibited.
- (q) Permanent mounted exterior neon lights are prohibited.
- Back-lit awnings and roof mounted lights are prohibited.
- 507.10 Building Design.

- (a) Developments shall include architectural elements such as columns, arcades, covered entry-walkways, arches, facade offsets, windows, balconies, offset walls, clock towers, cupolas and/or courtyards.
- (b) The <u>principle principal</u> entry area of a building shall be articulated and express greater architectural detail than other portions of the building.
- (c) Shopfront buildings shall utilize a parapet at all street frontages.
- (d) For large commercial/retail buildings variations in facade, roofline and depth shall be provided to lend the appearance of multi-tenant occupancy.
- (e) Buildings are limited to 35 feet in height.
- (f) Permissible roofs are gable, pyramidal, hip or decorative parapets. No parapet shall be required to be greater than 4 feet above the roof line. Shed roofs are permitted over porches, additions, and accessory structures.

## 507.11 <u>Building Orientation.</u>

- (a) All buildings shall be oriented to face a street or a courtyard.
- (b) All primary entrances shall face the street or courtyard.
- (c) All primary entrances which face a street shall be at street level.
- (d) Fuel pumps, canopies and associated gasoline station service areas shall be located at the rear of the structure, not between the building and the street, to allow the building to be the spatial edge of the streetscape.

### 507.12 **Building Materials.**

- (a) The exterior wall materials of nonresidential buildings shall consist of a minimum of 60% (per vertical wall plane) of the following: brick, stone or clapboard (or an equivalent alternative treatment approved by the Director of Community Development and Regulatory Affairs). Reflective glass is prohibited.
- (b) The exterior wall materials of residential buildings shall consist of a minimum of 60% percent (per vertical wall plane) of the following: brick, stone, cement stucco, split-faced block natural treated wood and/or cement based artificial wood siding, solid plank, cementitious plank, or horizontal clapboard siding (or an equivalent alternative treatment approved by the Director of Community Development and Regulatory Affairs). Synthetic stucco, vinyl siding and aluminum siding are prohibited.
- (c) Any nonresidential building facade shall have a minimum of 25% fenestration or as may be approved by the <a href="directorCDRA Director">directorCDRA Director</a>. Black glass \_<a href="and/or reflective">and/or reflective</a> glass is prohibited.
- (d) Accent wall materials on residential and nonresidential buildings shall consist of non-reflective or non-tinted glass, architecturally treated concrete masonry, precast stone, or stucco (or an equivalent alternative treatment approved by the Director of Community Development and Regulatory Affairs) and shall not exceed 40 percent %per vertical wall plane.
- (e) To the extent any rear or side of any building is visible from any public street or single-family residence, architectural treatment shall continue through the rear or side.
- (f) Exterior finishes for accessory structures shall be consistent with the <u>principal</u> structure.

(g) Allowable roof materials for pitched roofs are asphalt shingles, composition shingles, natural wood shingles, wood shake, slate, terra cotta, or as may be approved by the <a href="CDRA\_dD">CDRA\_dD</a> irector.

## 507.13 Permitted Building Colors.

- (a) Roof colors shall be gray, brown, terra-cotta or green. Reflective and metallic colors are allowed only when not visible from a street.
- (b) Permitted cColors for exterior walls, building components, sign structures, accent and decorative elements shall must be chosen from as the tones and shades specified by Table 12Min the color chart below (from the Pantone Formula Color Guide) or as approved by the CDRA director Director.



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The following colors apply to exterior building walls, building components, sign structure, accent and decorative elements. Browns, Beiges, Tans 462 C 463 C 464 C 465 C 466 C 467 C 468 C 469 C 477U 478 U,C 479 U 480 U 481 U 482 U 719 U,C 720 U,C 721 U,C 722 U,C 723 U,C 724 U.C 725 U,C 726 U,C 727 U,C 728 U,C 729 U,C 730 U,C 731 U,C 732 U 4625 C 4635 C 4645 C 4655 C 4665 C 4675 C 4685 C 4695 C 4705 C 4715 C 4725 C 4735 C 4745 C 4755 C Reds **Reds-Browns** All Whites\* \*Refer to the Pantone Formula Color Guide 168 C 484 C 675 C 1685 C The following colors apply to accent and decorative elements only. Greens 335 U 336 U 341 U 342 U,C 343 U,C 349 U 356 U,C 357 U,C 553 U 554 U 555 U 556 U 557 U 558 U 559 U 560 C 561 C 614 C 615 C 616 C 3295 C 3302 C 3305 U,C 3308 U 3415 U 3425 U 3435U 5467 C 5473 C 5477 C 5483 C 5487 C 5493 C 5497 C 5503 C 5507 C 5513 C 5517 C 5523 C 5527 C 5535 U 5545 U 5555 U 5565 U 5575 U 5585 U 5595 U **Green-Grays** 5635 U 5645 U 5655 U 5605 U 5625 U Grays 5467 U 5473 U 5477 U 5483 U 5487 U 433 U 443 U 447 U 429 U 430 U 431 U 432 U 444 U 445 U 446 U 5517 U 5523 U 5527 U Cool Gray Cool 5503 U 5507 U 5513 U 5493 U 5497 U Warm Warm Warm Warm Warm Warm Gray 6 U Gray 7 U Gray 8 U Gray 9 U Gray 10 U Gray 11 U **Gray-Blues** All Whites\* All Blacks\* \*Refer to the Pantone Formula \*Refer to the Pantone Formula Color Guide Color Guide 621 U 622 U 623 U 624 U 625 U 626 U 627 U 642 U 643 U 656 U 644 U 647 U 648 U 649 U 650 U 654 U 655 U 662 U The code number under each color refers to the Pantone Matching System,

The code number under each color refers to the Pantone Matching System, an International Color Matching System. An online color search tool can be accessed here: <a href="https://www.pantone.com/color-finder/from=topNay">https://www.pantone.com/color-finder/from=topNay</a>. To search for a color, type the code number code into the search box. Include a space between the number and letters.

## 507.14 Parking.

- (a) All off-street parking for townhouses and multi-family buildings shall be located to the side, rear or enclosed.
- (b) A minimum of 50% of the required surface parking for out-parcels shall be located at the rear of the building.
- (c) On-street parking is allowed subject to the approval of the CDRA dDirector.
- (d) No parking or loading area shall be used for the sale, repair, dismantling or servicing or storing of any vehicle, equipment, materials or supplies.
- (e) All developments must provide space for parking bicycles. This area may be within the parking lot or courtyard. A bike rack shall be permanently attached to the ground accommodating a bicycle lock or chain.
- (f) All parking and loading areas shall be screened from public streets by either a minimum 4-foot high berm and/or a continuous hedge of evergreen shrubs.

### 507.15 Utility Placement.

All utilities shall be located underground.

### 507.16 Signs.

- (a) The architectural color standards of the overlay district apply to the sign structure and not the sign face.
- (b) Sign structures and faces constructed of wood or canvas materials are prohibited.
- (c) Window signs are prohibited.
- (d) Roof mounted flagpoles are prohibited.

## 507.17 Stormwater Management Facilities.

All required detention/retention facilities shall be designed to meet the South Fulton alternative design standards that have the intent of making such facilities an attractive amenity or focal point for the subdivision per current South Fulton Subdivision Regulations.

## 507.17507.18 Design Guidelines for the Cedar Grove Community.

The purpose of these design guidelines is to help preserve the rural nature of the Cedar Grove Community, the night sky, green space, vistas, the "country" feel, and open space. These guidelines are encouraged but are not standards. Therefore, noncompliance does not necessitate variances.

- (a) Site design.
  - All design strategies shall minimize changes to the existing topography and loss
    of mature vegetation and water features.
  - (2) Minimize level grading. New developments should step with landforms and maximize preservation of existing vegetation and trees. Level grading of entire lots is to be avoided.
  - (3) Transitions at property lines should seem natural for the surrounding terrain. Where the existing terrain is generally level, avoid newly graded slopes greater than 1:3 at property lines.
  - (4) Cut and fill slopes should be rounded where they meet natural grade to blend with natural slope.

- (5) Natural contouring and re-vegetation are encouraged. Retaining walls should be faced with indigenous rock, brick and/or constructed to blend with adjacent surroundings.
- (6) Storm water retention for multiple sites should be combined into a lake as opposed to individual drainage ponds.
- (7) Permanent conservation easements should be established to protect water sheds, view sheds, and rare habitats.
- (b) Buildings and courtyards.
  - (1) Buildings should be oriented to avoid summer overheating.
  - (2) Locate courtyards for optimum southern exposure in winter and provide for shading in the summer.
  - (3) Locate buildings so that solar heat is naturally reduced on hot summer days by landscape strips and trees.
  - (4) Coordinate corner buildings with adjacent developments. Generally, the primary mass of a building on a corner should not be placed at an angle to the corner. Angled or sculpted building corners and open plazas should not be precluded from corners. Vertical focal points to visually anchor corners are encouraged.
  - (5) Courtyards should include such features as sculptures or fountains as focal points, moveable seating and tables, sunny and shaded areas, several entrances into courtyards, variety of textures and colors for visual interest, landscaping, covered and uncovered outdoor passageways.
- (c) Street standards.
  - (1) Culs-de-sac are prohibited unless approved by the director CDRA Director.
  - (2) The following street standards shall also apply:

Design Element	Community Boulevard (major thoroughfare)	Avenue (collector)	Community Street (minor street)	Community Lane (service drive, access)	Private Alley
Minimum right-of- way (feet)	60'	60'	54'	18'	16'
Maximum right-of- way (feet)	74'	74'	59'	22'	20'
Number of lanes	2-4	2-4	2	2-1	2-1
Travel lane width (feet)	11-12'	11'	10—11'	10'	8-10'
On-street parking allowed	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Minimum parking lane width (feet)	8'	8'	8'	-	-
Minimum sidewalk width (feet)	10'	8'	5'	-	1
Bicycle lane allowed	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-
Minimum bicycle lane width <u>(feet)</u>	5'	5'	5'	-	-

Design Element	Community Boulevard (major thoroughfare)	Community Avenue (collector)	Community Street (minor street)	Community Lane (service drive, access)	Private Alley
Planting area allowed	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	-
Median allowed	Yes	Yes	No	-	-

#### (d) Parking.

- (1) On-street parking (parallel, diagonal, and head-in) is encouraged.
- (2) All developments shall provide connectivity to adjacent developments to link buildings and open spaces together to minimize vehicular traffic and other impacts.
- (e) Architectural features/enhancements are as follows:
  - Trim to include eaves, corner boards, gable and eave boards, pediments, friezes, lintels, sills, quoins, belt courses, balustrades;
  - Gables, dormers, pillars, posts, porches, recessed windows and doors, cupolas, bay windows;
  - (3) Half-rounded or quarter-rounded roof gutters and down spouts integrated with trim;
  - (4) Glass storefronts, transom windows, building wall offsets, projections, recesses, floor level changes, roof-line offsets:
  - (5) Architectural treatments of front facades shall continue major features around all visibly exposed sides of a building.
  - (6) Restaurants with outdoor seating should allow for ease of pedestrian circulation, adequate shade through the use of extended awnings, canopies, or large umbrellas, provide outdoor trash receptacles, and maintain clean and litter-free premises.

#### (f) Viewsheds.

- (1) All development proposals should arrange buildings to preserve views from adjacent properties and streets.
- (2) Locate courtyards, surface parking, and open spaces to align with view sheds from adjacent properties.
- (3) Locate drives, parking, and open spaces on high points. Avoid placing buildings except churches or public buildings of high architectural quality on ridge lines.
- (4) All new developments will be reviewed with respect to topography and existing landforms, existing vegetation and trees, soil properties and bed rock depth, existing watercourses, floodway and flood plain areas, drainage patterns, climatic factors and view sheds.
- (5) All new developments will be reviewed for land use and site organization in relation to building form, character, and scale of existing and proposed development, sensitivity and nature of adjoining land uses, location of adjacent roads, rights-of-way, driveways, offstreet vehicular connections, pedestrian ways, access points, easements, existing structures and other built improvements, prehistoric and historic sites, structures and routes, and any other features that may be impacted or impact the proposed new development.